

FURTHER BY THE JARVIS.

GRANT BRITAIN.—The Liverpool papers state that the difficulties which have for some time surrounded the relations between Great Britain and the United States are in a fair way of adjustment, and it is understood that great assistance has been rendered by William Brewster, M. C. in the House of Representatives, who is in the United States, where it is confidently believed, will prevent a rupture between the two countries.

In Parliament, several items of minor interest have transpired. A committee of the House of Lords have recommended that all executions hereafter should take place within the jail premises, in the United States; but no interference is contemplated with the progress of capital punishment in British North America or Australia.

The clerical coin committee will not report during the present session of Parliament.

Secretary Labouchere states that the Government has advice from the Cape of Good Hope to the effect that, and that the House Government has sent out troops to prevent an apprehended Caffr revolt.

The 16th inst. the Queen reviewed 14,000 Crown troops, and the 17th inst. the Queen granted five years' exclusive privilege to Messrs. Lord Henshaw & Henshaw, of Liverpool, to sell guns on three islands of the South Coast of Arabia, recently ceded by the Imam of Muscat.

An explosion occurred at Cymmer colliery near Cardiff, and 110 men were killed.

The trial of William Dove, for poisoning by means of arsenic, was held at York, and attracted attention round off to the Palmer trial.

SPAIN.—A formidable insurrection had broken out in Spain. The rebellion began by the opposition compelling Espinosa and the Ministry to resign, and the appointment of a new Ministry composed of O'Donnell, as Minister of War, Diaz, Foreign Affairs; Cantoro, Finance; Rosas, Interior; L. Udagas, Justice; Olachea, Public works. Espinosa was supposed to have left Madrid, and was not known where he was. Immediately on the new appointments, an insurrection broke out in Madrid. The 15th inst. the Guards assisted the citizens in erecting barricades, and being attacked by the troops, fighting ensued in the streets for twenty-four hours with much loss on both sides.

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THE BALL ROLLING.

By HAMILTON AWARE.

We are informed by telegraph from Hamilton, that a requisition is being signed in that city, calling upon the Mayor to convene a meeting of citizens to discuss the adoption of the franchise bill. The Mayor has declined to do so, and the people are now signing a requisition to the effect that the Mayor should convene a meeting of citizens to discuss the adoption of the franchise bill.

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Dr. Ryerson.
Dr. Ryerson, on July 12 to 13, in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Brockville, has been elected Moderator of the Conference of the Ontario Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was elected by a vote of 120 to 13. The Conference was held at Brockville, and was attended by 120 delegates. The Conference was held at Brockville, and was attended by 120 delegates.

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Legislative Council.
In another column will be found the Electoral Address of John Turnbull, Esq., one of the oldest and most respectable members of our Town, to the Electors of this Division. He promises several advantages which will assist in making his chance for becoming the Representative of this Division. He is a man of first place, his long and respectable career will make him make his friends and his enemies. He is a man of first place, his long and respectable career will make him make his friends and his enemies.

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A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY JOURNAL

NO 51

\$75; had it sent to his residence at night.

How it occurred is not known to a certainty, for the first intimation the family had of the lamentable occurrence was from a servant, who, on going to call him to breakfast, found the door wide open, and the deceased lying upon the floor dead, with his coffin at his side. She screamed, which soon brought the family, and on seeing her husband lying there

found crushed in upon the brain. He

was discovered about 6 o'clock yesterday morning, when to all appearance, he had been dead several hours. On examining the closet a bottle containing a quantity of cherry wine was found, and, as a Saturday night was excessively warm, he is supposed to have gone to the closet in order to procure the wine to use with some water he had on the small table by his bedside. It is thought that he must have sought for it in the dark, and by some mistake, upset the coffee, which stood next to it.

upright. Becoming sensible that it was falling, he probably made a last effort to

...away, when he fell, and the outer
struck his head with sufficient force
fracture his skull and cause almost im-
mediate death. The inquest will be held
with all possible secrecy. The unfor-
tunate impression of the deceased concern-
ing his relatives is a sufficient reason for
withholding the names of the parties.

Grand Trunk Revelations.

The Cayley "settlement" of the Grand Trunk question does not please the English stockholders, and no wonder! The scheme permits the company to free itself from its present difficulties, only to plunge it into fresh troubles in the shape of new and unproductive lines. A shareholder of the Company has written to the *Times*, that refuge of the destitute, un-

thening his feelings on the subject not only of Mr. Napier's arrangement, but of the

"The following letter from a shareholder of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada gives a concise but, perhaps, a too unqualified history of the general course of that undertaking, and of the position in which the subscribers may conceive themselves to be placed, if the measure of relief, as it is called, which has been entertained in the Canadian

gislature should be sanctioned and accepted by the London Board of Directors. At the same time

It is necessary to mention that there is little opposition of this course being adopted. The London Board, it is believed, have not yet had the new management formally proposed to them, but whenever it is brought under consideration, the decision will doubtless be regulated with a strict view to the interests of their constituents, although the Board would, of course, be glad to promote any unobjectionable suggestion that might be calculated to prove beneficial for the contractors. The magnitude of the line, which was projected to extend a distance of 1.12 miles, and to involve an outlay

£9,500,000, causes great importance to be attached to every question in relation to it.¹⁹

There is an insinuation in the above that Napier was acting entirely in the interests of the contractors. Perhaps he was so, because here he was represented to be perfectly independent of them. We have generally found the assertions of the Grand Trunkites to be exactly the reverse of the truth. The shareholders will accept the Cayley omnibus, the Times

thinks and so think others. There will probably be a grand fight at the annu-

meeting, between the Napierites and the other party, and in it our Canadian chieftains take a deep interest. Mr. Napier, on his recent visit to this country, could not agree with Mr. Ross, but pinned his sleeve to Mr. Cayley, and is, it is said, in favor of transplanting that scion of gentility from the cold soil of the Inspector General's office, where he does not bloom.

to the warmer bed of the Grand Trunk
Presidency. Mr. John Ross does not

like this, and he has gone home to try and work up the dislike of the English shareholders to the Cayley scheme for his own benefit, while his organ here pitches into Napier and boasts that Ross would have got a five per cent. guarantee out of Parliament if Napier had stayed away. The following is "a Stockholder's" letter:

"Sir,—The letter from Mr. Napier, in your

city article of to-day's paper, reminds me that I am one of that helpless class, a railway shareholder.

Under what circumstances, as we have seen, became one, the following is my justification:—In 1852 the prospectus of the Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada was brought under my notice. Warmed by the past, I of course looked chiefly as to who were the people under whose authority it was to be created and brought up, and what their proposals beheld the following as directors in London:—

Thomas Baring Esq., M. P., G. G. Glyn Esq., M. P., agents of the province and directors on behalf of the Canada Government; Alfred W. Thompson Esq., M. P., Robert M'Callum Esq.,

Henry Wollaston Blake Esq., Norman D. Dodgson Esq., and twelve directors in Canada, six of

The prospectus showed that the railway would be 1,112 miles, in which was included a lease of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railway of 148 miles, at a rental of £80,000 per annum, and the capital required was £2,500,000 sterling, in which was included the construction of the Victoria bridge over the St. Lawrence, under the superintendence of Robert Stephenson Esq. M. P., as engineer.

In the said capital of £2,500,000, was a fund

of two railways, on which had been laid out \$1,416,000, which was to be reckoned as capital; and

there was raised £22,233,690. The remainder of the capital of £7,426,900 was created as follows:—One-half in shares, one fourth in debentures:—Company, as one fourth in bonds of the Canada Government, as a first mortgage on the railway. Of this £7,346,000, one-half was to be allotted to the English public, and the other half was agreed to be taken up by the contractors, Messrs. Peto, Brassey, Nettle, and Jackson, in part payment of their contracts.

Interest at 5 per cent was to be paid in London, until the entire works were completed; and a sum equal to

of probable revenue was detailed, showing a net profit of 114 per cent on the share capital.

to this prospectus is prominently drawn by the promoters, to the large amount of Canadian capital invested, and so great stress was laid on the certainly important fact that the eminent English Bar of Messrs. Foul,

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give express notice to a wishing to continue the discontinuance of their say and mend until their owners are responsible for refuses to take their which they are directed to publish their Particulars to be notice back, or leaving a notice of discontinuance.

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COUNCIL.

Messrs. Brown, Hope,
Blacklock, Wilson,
r. Brown in the chair.
r, seconded by Mr.
Grant be appointed to
C. Camp.

tion of the Council collecting the taxes the time appointed people were generally sent taxes at that time besides this, it would cost to the town.

Seconded by Dr. Helbe Council be authorized of the town, and to collect all past due no members present the Treasurer, as he reason, and should open person holding Town regard that it was the taxes to collect the resolution was amended.

Johnson and others, of a Water-tank, Surveyor, to report to the next Council. The report into committee of accounts. Under this committee presented a probable estimates of the cost of the Water-tank. The report was that of Mr. Johnson, who had repaired a Water-tank. The account was of some \$100,000, which had been rejected by the Council. The aforesaid thought it was a good account, but not a good one.

latter said that Mr. Lafontaine said that Mr. Flint had dealt of expense in his suit, and had not returned the money. Mr. Flint said that Mr. Lafontaine had made the previous payment, and he should vote against the account was passed. Mr. Flint said that the account was passed in the Ward. Mr. Flint said that Mr. Flint had made by him on the saw-mills. After the explanation it was agreed to be paid, deducting the amount due from him to the privilege.

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APLE DRY GOO
the Newest and Most Fashionable Goods
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TISSUES, TWELVE
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 marked in Plain Figures upon every Article
 SECOND PRICE.
 1855. P. O'NEILL
 NEW
 NG, TAILORING
 -AND GENERAL-

NG ESTABLISHMENT

the above Branch on MONDAY NEXT
assorted Stock of

MADE CLOTHING

soundness of material and good workman
per cent, below usual prices
of England Cloths, Cassimeres, Sweeds
Manufacturers in the North and West of
an experienced Foreman

all kinds of Gentlemen's Garments on

REDUCED LOW PRICES
 IF REQUESTED. THE SELLING PRICE MAY VARY
 UPON EACH ARTICLE. **P. O'NEILL**
 (39)

Machines.
PERSON,
 & C. W.
 fully inform the
 and largely in the

Lands for
TOWNSHIP OF S.
500 ACRES
LOTS numbered
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may be entrusted.
Shop at the sign of the **M**
ADAMS & ST
Bolleville, 14th May, 18

ATTERSON. THE subscriber wishing to
(45) offers for sale upon the

the debts due to
be these days
benefit of Cred-
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SHIELDS,
Assigns
have notice, par-
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terms the following property, sit-
the Bay of Quibie, and butting
The property consists of ab-
acre, upon which are several
Out Houses, Barns, Sheds, and

STEAM TAN
Two stoves high, 60 by 40, in
order, Bark Mill, Hide Mill, K
even by machinery. Bark eleva-
and conveyed to the leeches.
Bark can be got for 12s. 6d. to 1
a person who wishes to embark
business the above offers an ex-
tending an extensive business.

Assignte. About two hundred acres in good state of cultivation; the wooded with Beech, Maple, &c.

The wood alone is worth the price can be readily shipped at little cost is accessible in all weather in feet of water. There is a hard and ornamental ground on premises.

The above property is situated in a healthy locality, and is a great investment for speculators and will be sold in one block, or in lots as desired.

For terms of sale apply to H. C. Barrister, Trenton, or to the surveying Place.

June 13, 1856.

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AS Administrator to the late E. G. DORLAN compelled forthwith to set in favor or against. The who are indebted to said E. G. well to call and

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Colborne Transcript says:—On the other day to Trenton, we observed rails were laid in many places along the line, and we had the unexpected sight of a real "Iron Horse" in motion, hauling a gravel train attached, and busily engaged in ballasting, about four or five miles from Brighton. We were told that the works were to be pushed forward with the greatest energy—in fact, that the men were working all day on the line.

Trenton—and that, if necessary work would be continued.

work would be continued during night as well as *Sundays*, in order to have the bridge open in October. The iron bridge over the Trent is said to be a very superior piece of mechanical and engineering and well worth seeing. There was a locomotive landed at Trenton on Monday and another here on Wednesday last for the use of the work. A few weeks more and the line will be finished in this neighborhood.

Respecting the late Orange process the Bathurst Courier remarks:—

"There was one idea occurred on witnessing the procession, and this; here was a body of men organized and marching in procession to celebrate the triumph of one class of opinion over another class of opinions, and to show the world that they were the champions of one system of belief, in opposition to another system of religious belief."

other words, the procession was to demonstrate their opposition to

Catholicism; and yet these identical men who formed that procession, and will in all probability themselves to send again, to Paris men who have supported through and thin a Ministry tied down ne heels, bound body and soul, we mean to that identical party and system in opposition to which the

marching in procession and celebrating the day—or in other words, the service

TAX FOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS.
Bytown Gazette states that from all learn, the tax in that city, for the year, upon those who support schools, will be about five per cent.

schools, will be about *four shillings*
six pence in the pound. This of

includes all the taxes. The tax on those who do not support separate is fixed at three shillings in the pound. The Gazette thinks that this will be a "burst of indignation" against Charbonnel for his "interference in a matter."

THE RAILWAY.—The Montreal Herald says:—We learn that the Road

almost certainly open to Kingston for the purpose of enabling visitors to the I

Canadian Agricultural Show to reach its peak during the first week in October, and that may be expected to be opened to the Toronto sometime in November. It is to be heard that the first of November is a possibility; but that day may perhaps be found early. However, the road between the capital of Upper and Lower Canada is now in a high state of forwardness.

here is no reason to suppose that
 dian travellers will again have

A FAST HORSE.—The Milwaukee Wisconsin tells that a horse that resided in Oregon, Ill. He was very fast and would not be harnessed except with

... could make extraordinary
... could pass over 112 miles in 12

His usual time from Oregon to Rock Springs, 25 miles, was two hours. The man who owned him, and who alone could ride him, has been heard to say that during the years past he has ridden him upward of twenty thousand miles, and that during this time he was never known to stumble, so as to arrest the rider's progress. He was savage, because he

formerly a wild horse on the plains of

SINGING.—If you would keep sprightly your hearts, learn to sing. There is a melody than most people are aware of. A cobbler, who smooths his wax with a song will do as much work in a day as one given to ill nature and fretfulness would effect in a week. Songs are sunshine—they run to cheerfulness.

of the bosom with such buoyancy
for the time being you feel filled with

INDIAN SUMMER OF LIFE.—In the life of the good man there is an Indian summer more beautiful than that of the season, sunnier, and more sublime than the most glorious Indian Summer which the world ever knew—it is the Indian Summer of the soul. When the glow of youth has faded, when the strength of middle

one, and the buds and blossoms of

changing to green and yellow leaf,
 to mind of the good man still ripe
 grows, relaxes its labors, and the
 of a well-spent life gush forth
 their secret fountains, enriching, rejoicing
 fertilizing; then the trustful resignation
 the Christian sheds around a sweet
 warmth, and the soul, assuming
 heavenly lustre, is no longer restricted
 to narrow confines of business, but

beyond the winter of hoary age,
calls incessantly and hails upon

live peacefully and happily upon
right spring and summer which await
within the gates of paradise, evermore
let us strive for and look trustingly for
an Indian summer like this.

eral system of education? what schools,

His suddenness has, if it were possible, given a keener poignancy to the grief of his friends. To lose a relative endeared by uniform gentleness and amiability of character and uprightness of conduct, and not less perhaps by long suffering, is grief enough for the human heart; but to have him snatched away by the very means which it was hoped would restore him to comparative health and comfort,—to think that his last sigh was breathed into the bosom of strangers, that no brother's ear,

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This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor creases and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. The left edge of the page is bound, and the overall tone is a warm, off-white or light beige.

10



H MIXTURES,
 OF THE BLOOD!
 TIVE KNOWN!
 cures in it!
 Profuse, King's Evil,
 Stomach Eruptions,
 the Face, Blotches,
 Chronic Sore Eyes,
 Scalds,

has become so rapidly a extraordinary disease of the most obnoxious kind which occurred to the public, with no MEXICAN, nor even commonly successful in the MEXICANS or THE MEXICANS. - 4

By every malignant disease of the curable, in most cases where it had been tried in

is truly remarkable, the impurity of that great medicinal and cured with the thousand who have the mixture combine now any dangerous drugs, and where, combined with the mixture, can be given most diluted form, and the best usage.

the most valuable source from our possession, and all that respectability, well suited. Please read for

[illegible]

PLEPSIA, JAUNDICE,
 Bility, Diseases of the Kid-
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FROM NEW YORK.
 RABLE BY HIS PHY-
 CURED BY THE
 SISTERS.
 ... N. Y., Feb.
 ... Dear Sir,—“A
 ... living in this
 ... Doctor's charge, and
 ... power with her
 ... Drops, and
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 ... expected him to
 ... five bottles of the
 ... attending his
 ... successfully in

JOHN G. CARRYL.
Says:
"N. Y., June 7, 1854.—
I purchased a bottle of the
for, for one of our custom-
ers, in satisfaction, that he will
be a number of his neigh-
bors; you would therefore
reply to our address."
"N. Y., Feb. 28, 1855,
Director of Letters immediately.
action. One gentleman
the Dyspepsia for a long
last summer I was noted

but found no relief what-
Bitters. He is entirely
N.Y. Oct. 6, 1853.
Dear Sir,—“I request
opportunity three bot-
an Bitters, and I am

They have cured difference, when physicians precisely in Hemorrhoidal effect and cure was

N. Y. June 10, 1833.
 In the town of Geneva,
 I have written for Liver-
 fully had at that time,
 handed a box of your
 I gave all a fair trial,
 so that in twenty-four
 than the united skill of
 and, Ireland or Amer-
 for me."
 vegetable, possessing
 mineral preparation, as
 always stronger than
 18
 sold by Druggists and
 and village in the Uni-
 by C.G. Le Vesconte,

Co., Belleville.